## Friday's Feast

**Good Things** 

70-inch Scarfs, 65c ones ...... 49c H. S. Tray Cloths, 50c ones ...... 39c French Lunch Cloths, \$1.75 ones.......\$1.29 Colored Border Lunch Cloths, \$1 ones. 69c Colored Border Lunch Cloths, 75c ones. 39c 22-inch Bleached Napkins, \$2 quality,

54-inch Silver Bleached Table Linen, 45c quality, yard ..... 34c 72-inch Bleached Table Linen, \$1.35 quality, yard ......\$1.10

H. S. Hotel Towels, dozen......\$2.38 5 H. S. Bedspreads, \$5 ones ......\$4.19 A good &c Bedspread, each ......... 690

Odds and ends of Pattern Cloths cheap. It doesn't pay you to buy the cloth to make Sheets when you can buy the ready-made at 48c and 55c for 9-4 sizes, and 60c for 10-4.

#### L. S. AYRES & CO.

ART EMPORIUM, Telephone 500.

"Apples of Gold in Pictures of Silver." The beauty of the picture is enhanced by the framing. Gilded pieces of wood joined together are not all of it. An artistic selection and a skillful artisan are requisites. We make frames, we frame pictures, we

have the skilled artisans.

THE H. LIEBER COMPANY. 33 South Meridian Street.

#### **EASTER GLOVES**

You Can't Beat These Bargains:

> \$1.25 buys a pair of a special ot of Ladies' \$2.00 50c buys a pair of Ladies' Gloves that are worth

Wholesale and Retail Glovers.



#### HE CLAIMS THE CITY

OR MUCH OF IT, AT LEAST, SAYS THIS ARKANSAS MAN.

Which Indianapolis Stands Fifty Years Ago.

Marion county property owners who do not up deeds to their landed possessions, according to an Arkansas man. Asa Cook, a resident of that State, promises to swoop down upon this neighborhood and gobble up every foot of real estate in sight. He threatens anapolis stands, and intimates that he may gather in some of the surrounding townships. For the last three weeks Mr. Cook has been this county. His father, he says, once owned a large tract of land in Marion county, anybody else. About two weeks ago a business man of this city received the following from Mr. Cook:

"Some forty-eight or forty-nine years ago my father, John Cook, owned a tract of land where the city of Indianapolis now stands. He abandoned it and has since died without original deed was destroyed during the war. You will please examine the records, and should there be a showing for me you can consider yourself employed. Let me hear

to Mr. Cook, asking for further particulars concerning his claim, and yesterday received

was living at the time, I being a small boy at the time my father left. I am unable to give the date, but from my own age now, would say it must have been something near afty years ago. I simply know that my father got into difficulty with a man, pulled his man's eyes out and ran away to avoid trouble. I also know he never returned and never conveyed the land to any other party. Consequently, the records must show the deed, unless they have been burned. It is my understanding that the land was entered y my father with a soldier's land warrant ne being a soldier. I presume the land was niered with a land warrant. About all the entered with a land warrant. About all the pointers I can furnish is his name, John Cook, and that he ran away to keep out of the way of the officers. He went to Pocahontas, Ark., and bought a tract of land, thence went to Batesville. I will suggest that you examine the records back to forty or fifty years ago, and I am satisfied they will show that one John Cook had the land where the city of a portion of the city of where the city, or a portion of the city of Indianapolis now stands. I am confident the land has never been conveyed to any other

land has never been conveyed to any other person."

An examination of the tax duplicates in the office of the county auditor as far back as 1846 shows that during that year one John Cook did not own a dollar's worth of real estate in this county, and is charged with fifty dollars' worth of personal property. The tract book, however, in the recorder's office, shows that four hundred acres of land in Decatur township were entered in the name of John Cook. The books do not indicate that Mr. Cook was heavily interested in Center township real estate.

SINK BEGGED FOR PARDON.

Didn't Want It Said He Completed a Penitentiary Term.

Two pardons were issued from the Governor's office yesterday. Charles A. Parker. sentenced from this county in July, 1894, for two years, on the charge of receiving stolen goods, was one of the fortunates, and Scott Sink, sentenced in November, 1893, from the Ohio county courts for five years on a charge of assault and battery with intent to kill, was the other. Parker is in the northern penitentiary, where he has but a few months to serve. He had a good reputation before his arrest for the crime for which he was convicted. His wife is nearly insane, and she needs his attention. Governor Mathews reached the conclusion that it would be better to pardon him, as there are some

#### MR. GOSS'S QUESTIONS

WELL-POSTED PHYSICIANS.

School Teachers Examined as to Effect of Alcohol and Cigarettes on Human System.

The school teachers of the public schools have been in a flurry of excitement for several days because of an examination which was given them Tuesday evening. Superintendent Goss kept the examination a sewas coming. The questions propounded to the teachers were on scientific temperance, inder the provisions of the law passed by the last Legislature. Mr. Goss, so the story goes, did not favor the giving of the examination, and he accordingly entered a protest. D. M. Geeting, Superintendent of Public Instruction, decided, however, that the examination should be given, and Mr. Goss carried out the law.

The questions which were put to the unprepared teachers were puzzlers. Physicians of the city have heard of them, and they are talking and laughing at them. The questions are on vital points of scientific temperance, and a book could be written on any one of them. In fact, volumes have been written on them, and the physiologists of the world are widely separated in their opinions concerning two or three of them. The papers which the teachers made out in the examination are being graded, by whom remains a secret. There is a report that the supervisors are attending to the work, and again it is said that Mr. Goss has selected a committee. The grading of the papers may depend largely on the opinions of those who

Following is the letter which Superintendent Goss received from Mr. Geeting:

"You submit to me the following: 'Are

subject to examination in scientific temperance under the provisions of the act of the General Assembly of 1895?"

'The General Assembly manifestly intended that the subject of scientific temperance had not been taught properly under the subject of physiology, hence denominated this as a new and additional subject. Under Section 1425 of school law, approved May 18, 1833, the General Assembly provided for a common school license, not limited in time, now known as an 'exemption license.' After setknown as an 'exemption license.' After setting forth the conditions under which such license may be issued, the General Assembly says: 'And if such persons shall, during such exemption, seek employment to teach other or higher branches in the common schools of this State than those branches which were included in the examination upon which said three years' license was issued, then he or she shall be examined in such additional branches.' It is clear that the intent of the Legislature was to require persons holding branches. It is clear that the intent of the Legislature was to require persons holding licenses to teach in the common schools of the State (not limited to time) to pass an examination upon any subject subsequently added to the common school curriculum. Your board issues to teachers a license similar in respect to the one referred to in the above, and I am of the opinion that your teachers should pass the examination in this additional subject in order to meet the requirements of the law."

According to instructions, the teachers as-

According to instructions, the teachers assembled and attempted to answer the questions. It was provided that any four of the five given could be answered. Following were the questions put:

"1. Has alcohol any of the properties of a food? If so, what?

"2. What are the physical mental and

"2. What are the physical, mental and noral effects of cigarette smoking upon chilmoral effects of cigarette smoking upon children? Who should attempt suppression of the cigarette habit among school children—parents, teachers or the State? Why?

"3. What effect does alcohol have upon coagulation of the blood? What does this suggest as to a surgical operation?

"4. What rule would you prescribe for an individual as to the use of any narcotic or stimulant?

"5. Does the use of spirituous liquors enable the body to resist the influence of severe cold? Why?"

Concerning the first question there is a wide difference of opinion. Strictly temperate people have held that alcohol is in no sense a food. On the other hand, there are noted physiologists who have written much sense a food. On the other hand, there are noted physiologists who have written much to prove that alcohol is a food. This class of scholars have performed experiments to prove that it is. They have limited themselves to a certain amount of food and noted the gain in flesh, and then taken the same food with alcohol, with the purported result that the alcohol adds weight. Another class of physiologists maintain that alcohol in itself is not a food, but it prevents the waste of tissue, and hence is oftentimes valuable in the treatment of wasting disease.

of tissue, and hence is oftentimes valuable in the treatment of wasting disease.

The answers to the second question, that is, the first part of it, were probably much the same. Physiologists do not differ much concerning the use of cigarettes, but there is a difference concerning the effects of tobacco. As concerns the use by school children, however, all will probably agree that it is a bad thing. The teachers were at a loss to explain whose duty it is to suppress the to explain whose duty it is to suppress the habit. There are teachers who think the parents should prevent the habit, but a majority of the teachers are said to have re-plied that it is the duty of parents, teachers and the State to suppress the habit. Local doctors say the answer to the third question depends upon the amount of alco-hol taken, and one or two also expressed themselves at a loss to understand the in-tended meaning of the question. A super-visor is credited with saying that the in-tended answer was that alcohol prevents coagulation and increases the heart action, causing the danger of hemorrhage during a surgical operation. Long articles have been written on the subject implied by the ques-

The recipient of this startling epistle wrote o Mr. Cook, asking for further particulars concerning his claim, and yesterday received the following:

"Replying to yours of the 17th, will say that my father was a farmer. My mother to a physicion of the fourth question there are differences, especially by the different schools of medicine. Several of the teachers answered the question by saying that they would not prescribe at all but send a patient to a physician. There are doctors who prescribe stimulants and narcotics, and there are others opposed to their use. The physiologists are pretty well agreed on the fifth question, to the effect that spirituous liquors may have a temporary power to en-able the resistance of severe cold, but the after effects have an opposite effect.

OPPOSITION TO O'MEARA.

May Not Be Re-Elected Superintend-

ent of School B kildings. The superintendent of schools, superintendent of grounds and the city librarian will be Board. There is no opposition to the election of Miss Browning for the latter place, but the re-election of the present incumbents of the other positions will be opposed, especially the election of O'Meara, superintendent of grounds. There has long been opposition to him, because it is not believed that he expends the money intrusted to his charge as pends the money intrusted to his charge as judiciously as might be done. This is true especially of the fund for repairs, where work drags along until the bills are twice what they should be. As to Superintendent Goss, there has been opposition of a general nature all the time, but it is not believed it will be sufficient to defeat him.

A DETROIT RECTOR'S SERMON.

Rev. William Prall at the Mid-Lenten Service at St. Paul's.

Rev. William Prall, D. D., rector of John's Church, Detroit, Mich., preached on the subject of "Character" at the regular mid-week lenten service in St. Paul's Church last night, taking for his text the words of Jesus, who said: "Consider the lilles of the field, how they grow; they toll not, neither go they spin. Yet I say unto you, Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these." "Our Lord," the speaker said, "would not have us quit working, but would have us work for others. Do not imagine that our Lord meant that men must not work. Work is a prime necessity of life. It it is a crime to refuse the criminals in our prisons the right to work, it is a greater

certain precepts by which we might attain a beautiful state of living. Work with all fear and patience and trembling for the things which our Lord has stamped with the seal of His approval. Work, for the night cometh."

POLICE TO INSPECT BICYCLES

If They Have No License Tags Owners Will Be Given a Warning.

Superintendent Colbert has instructed the patrolmen to inspect all bicycles and see that the riders have complied with the vehicle tax ordinance. When wheels found without the necessary tags the names with the law. If at the end of a reasonable time they have not done so they will be arrested, as the ordinance provides. A fine of \$10 may be assessed against offenders who fail to comply with the vehicle

Probable Effect of the New Law

Pension Agent Spencer received a com-munication from the Commissioner of Pensions yesterday calling his attention to the fact that the clause of the pension law which authorizes pension agents to deliver checks to pensioners in person has been repealed, and that hereafter all checks must be forwarded by mail. The law goes into mmediate effect and will govern the next quarterly payment, which is to be made May 4. Circulars will be forwarded at once to the local pensioners, directing them to bring their certificates to the pension office, where vouchers for the May payment will be placed in their hands. No voucher will be delivered unless the pension certificate is presented. This precaution is taken to insure the delivery of vouchers to the proper persons. Mr. Spencer is away from town on a two weeks' leave of absence. Chief Clerk Reilley says that the new areffect on the work of the local pension clerks, and will sumed in the quarterly payment. Local erly filled. If the vouchers are placed in the mails early in the day, Indianapolis checks will go out over the city on the afternoon delivery. Pensioners who are slow about mailing their papers will probably have to wait two or three days before receiving their checks, as each voucher from the city will be taken up in the order in which it is received, as has been done heretofore with vouchers received from other towns. It is unlawful for any pensioner to sign his voucher prior to the day for payment. For this reason, in the past outside ment. For this reason, in the past, outside vouchers have not been touched until after noon on the the first day for payment, the morning having been devoted to the disposal of checks of pensioners who have called at the pension office. On an average, 3,000 checks have been delivered over the counter before noon on the first pay day. Some fear is entertained that pensioners will not understand the new arrangement and will call at the pension office with their vouchers instead of sending them by mail. It is desired that they be mailed or left with the notaries, who can carry vouchers to the pension office in batches, as the pay-ment will be expedited by such an arrangement. After the next payment, certificate holders will not be required to call at the office, as the vouchers for the following payment will accompany the checks.

Local pensioners will have the expense of paying notary fees. Some apprehension is felt lest the notaries will undertake to collect more than the legal fee, 10 cents for each affidavit, or 30 cents on each voucher that is signed and sworn to by the pensioner and two witnesses. Sometimes

cents is charged on certificates signed by the pensioner and his witnesses, 25 cents for each. The understanding is that the sol-diers' protective associations will watch this new feature of the arrangement and see that exorbitant fees are not collected. When it is considered that there are some it will be seen that an overcharge of 40 on each voucher would aggregate a \$1,200 loss to the pensioners of Indianapolis alone. The county clerk and his deputies have authority to administer oaths, and it is probable that a great many pensioners will go to the clerk's office, where they will not be charged more than the legal fee. Heretopense of notary fees when they called at the pension office. The law prohibits pension clerks from exacting fees for taking affi-It is anticipated that some confusion w robable that some mistakes will be made

in filling vouchers, notwithstanding the minute printed directions that are given for their execution. The failure of a notary to attach his seal, or to fill in the full postoffice address of the pensioner, would ren-der the voucher defective. It would then have to be returned to the pensioner for correction. After the first payment is made but little trouble is expected. The order will have no effect on the thousands of pensioners throughout the State at large who have not been in the habit of coming who have not been in the habit of coming here on pay day, as they now understand thoroughly what is required of them.

No change will be made by the new order in the working force of the pension office. Every clerk will be retained, as the new order will have a tendency to increase rather than diminish the amount of work

Following is a copy of the circular letter that will be mailed to-day to all pensioners "We are advised by the honorable Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C., that by an act of Congress approved March 23, 1896, Sec. 4784, R. S. U. S., has been repealed. This section is as follows:

"Sec. 4784: Agents for the payment of pensions, and any clerks appointed by them and designated in writing for that purpose, which designation shall be returned to and filed in the office of the Commissioner of Pensions, are required, without any fee

therefor, to take and certify the affidavits of all pensioners and their witnesses who may personally appear before them for that purpose, in which case the check for the pension, when due and payable, shall be given direct to the hands of the party entitled thereto, if desired, and not mailed to his address, as required by section forty-seven hundred and sixty-five. "The act repealing said section abolished personal payments of every character, and revokes the authority of pension agents and of clerks designated by them for the purpose,

to administer oaths in the execution of any pension vouchers, either at the agency or "It is operative immediately, and will be strictly enforced. A pension check cannot, under any circumstances, be delivered or forwarded to a pensioner except by mail.

See Sec. 4765 R. S. U. S.

"All pensioners who have heretofore received their pay at this office will please call at once and receive their vouchers for the May, 1896, payment. Bring your certification with your

Pensioners living at other places will not be required to deliver certificates in per-son, but may forward them by mail. They will be returned with vouchers inclosed.

The U.S. House of Representative After Mr. Julius Hang, the Denison House Druggist.

A representative of the Journal was in Mr. Haag's drug store yesterday as he re-ceived a special order from Indiana's most ceived a special order from Indiana's most prominent Congressman for some of his now famous pills. Mr. Haag said that he did not know if the Congressman intended them for the use of himself and friends, or whether the government intended to use them in the army and navy and government hospitals. The pill he originally made for his mother, a lady past her seventy-third year, who had been suffering from chronic indigestion and constitution. The action of this new pill was woncharge of assault and Dattery with intent to kill, was the other. Parker is in the northern penitemtiary, where he has but a few months to serve. He had a good reputation before his arrest for the crime for which he was convicted. His wife is nearly insane, and she needs his attention. Governor Matthews reached the conclusion that it would be better to pardon him, as there are some who have interested themselves in his behalf and manifested a desire to assist him after his release.

Sink was pardoned chiefly because he has prayed and begged for i. He has plans made for leading an honest and honorable life. He asked a pardon, even if it came the day before his release, for he did not want to say that he served his full time. He had but a few months to serve. In both cases there is a probability that the verdicts were not warnous his observed had granting the pardons will give to both the seeming possibility of innocence and make their after life more easy.

Folding Beds at all prices.—Wm. La Elder.

# At One Great Masterful Bound THE GLOBE Takes the Lead

THE MOST LIBERAL and Progressive Retailers in the World inaugurate their establishment, SOUTHWEST COR-NER WASHINGTON and DELAWARE STREETS, TO-MORROW. Doors open at 9 A. M. for an introductory sale unparalleled in history

See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This See This Feast of Values for To-Morrow, Saturday, " See This Se

## Men's Splendid Suits in Many Styles

These Suits, which we will sell to-morrow, the opening day, only, at \$1.98, are made up of Black Cheviots, Cassimeres in various color mixtures, Meltons, Scotch Twills and other cloths that are considered most desirable this season. There are no cotton worsteds, satinets or trashy goods among them.

Boys' Excellent Suits in Great Variety

For the Boys and Young Men, ages 14 to 19, we offer, for to-morrow only, well-made and handsome Suits at \$1.48. The colors and styles are numerous; all are good and substantial and were made for this season's sale. These garments will stand hard usage even if the youth is rather reckless of his clothing.

Children's Handsome Short-Pant Suits

We have not overlooked the Little Pride of the Household in arranging this Opening Day Sale. We have placed the remarkable price of 48c upon several thousand of the Neatest, Daintiest and Most Durable Short-Pant Suits that ever were seen. The lads will be enraptured and the mothers delighted at this unexpected treat.

OUR ADVERTISEMENTS ARE BONA FIDE. WE DO ALL THAT WE CLAIM TO DO.

#### THIS POINT IS IMPORTANT!

Goods found unsatisfactory for any reason may be returned and the money will be refunded without a question. We neither "cross-examine" nor insist upon an "exchange." Could we possibly give fairer treatment or a broader guarantee?



INDIANAPOLIS.

### NO MUSIC, NO SOUVENIRS,

No baits of any kind to draw you to our establishment, except unmatchable bargain offering. We show every grade of Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods at prices that arouse wonder and command admiration.

## Electric Wiring

Agents for Dynamos, Motors and Electric Machinery

Telephone 466

C. W. MEIKEL, 98 East New York St

Dunlap's Celebrated Hats, Spring styles at Seaton's Hat Store.

Ex-President Harrison Pleased. I have only had an opportunity to give hasty examination to the American Encyclo-paedic Dictionary, but I am pleased with it. It is a valuable reference book.

March 24, 1896. BENJ. HARRISON.

Eastman, Schleicher & Lee Office with Lilly & Stainaker, 64 East Washington street. Please call and settle your account as we are closing up our books. Insure Your Property

With the McGilliard Agency Company. Hardwood Mantels, Grates. Jno. M. Lilly. Feed your horse JANES'S Dustless Oats. Insure your home in the Glens Falls. Last Two Days

Of the auction sale at 42 West Washington street. Attend the sale and secure greater bargains than ever. Auction Sale. Last two days of the auction sale at 42 West Wash

Insure with Delaware Insurance Co. Insure Your Property

With A. J. MEYER & Co., 33 Lombard. Phone 13) Auction Sale. Saturday will be the last day of the auction sale at 42 West Washington st. Diamonds, watches, clocks and silverware, cheaper than ever,

Last Two Days of the auction sale at 42 West Washington street. Atend the sale and secure greater bargains than ever. Undertaker Whitsett. Telephone 564. Reasonable as any or no charge.

Auction Sale. Saturday will be the last day of the auction sale at 42 West Washington street. Diamonds, watches, clocks and silverware, cheaper than ever. GUITARS, \$3.50. Carlin & Lennox, 31 E. Market

Auction Sale. Last two days of the auction sale at 42 West Wash

## Scottish Rite Rings

Our work guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every way. Workmanship unequaled and price low, when quality is considered. Inspection respectfully solicited, and we feel confident we can more LILLY & STALNAKER, than please you.

Indiana's Leading Jewelers.

Do You Want One of 'Em? "A Lady of Quality," by Frances Hodg-son Burnett; "The Exploits of Brigadier Girard," by A. Conan Doyle; "The Comedies of Courtship," by Anthony Hope. They are published at \$1.50 each. Our price, \$1.10 each in store or \$1.28 by mail. Send stamps or postoffice order. Stock limited. Order now,

CATHCART, CLELAND & CO., Booksellers 6 East Washington St.,

and CRUSHED

Tickets can be obtained at the office of . . .

THE INDIANAPOLIS GAS CO. I "The Advance Agent

58 South Pennsylvania St.

You Are Entitled to 24 Ounces of Bread

> For a nickel. Weigh your bread, and "don't take a bun for a loaf."

Parrott & Taggart's "DOMESTIC"

Weighs 24 ounces, and is the best bread sold in Indianapolis.

## FLANNER & BUCHANAN

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

We have removed to new and commodious quarters Perfect privacy and convenience assured. Chapel and Morgue in charge of lady attendant. 172 North Illinois St.

POULTRY NETTING, Woven Wire for vines, flower beds, etc. Garden Tools.

64 East Washington St. GREEN & CO.'S Transfer money.

63 to 69 WEST MARKET STREET, Lee Holtzman, Livery, Hacks and Coupes

SAFE DEPOSITS.

Safe Deposit Vault. Absolute safety against Fire and Burgiar. Finest day and night on guard. Designed for safe keeping of Money, Bonds, Wills, Deeds, Abstracts, Silver Plata lewels and valuable Trunks and Packages, etc.

S. A. FLETCHER & CO., SAFE DEPOSIT. HN S. TARKINGTON, Memogor

# Tribune

That please the riders, worth what they cost, fully guaranteed, sold on easy payments, hundreds of them on the streets of Indianapolis now . . . . . . .

coke for Sale The Big Four

The H. T. Conde Implement Co., 27 to 33 Capitol Ave. North. Opposite Statehouse.

Erie . .

Wright's Non-Puncture Strip is a Good Thing.

Conde..

Of Prosperity"

We hold that the true Advance Agent of Prosperity for 1896 is a handsome, well-made, true-fitting

Spring Suit

Such as we now make at an exceedingly moderate price. Come and see our new woolens. Many special weaves.

KAHN TAILORING CO.

22 and 24 East Washington Street.

-----The Sunday Journal, by Mail, \$2 per

SIDEBOARDS

We show a large line of fresh new patterns, in the very latest

styles, ranging in price, FROM #13 TO #150

Call and see what a handsome Sideboard you can get for a little

WM. L. ELDER.

NOS. 48 AND 45 SOUTH MERIDIAN STREET. The tobacco used in this cigar is the best we can buy in Cuba.

MERCANTILE

The Mercantile is equal to any that are imported. See that the word MERCAN TILE is stamped on each cigar. F. R. RICE MERCANTILE CIGAR CO., St. Louis.